1 A coach may have contact with a prospective student-athlete who has committed to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1 prior to his or her competition on the day of competition.
   A) True.
   B) False.

2 It is permissible for an institution to transport a prospective student-athlete on an OFFICIAL visit to a home contest at an off-campus site within a 30-mile radius of campus.
   A) True.
   B) False.

3 After a prospective student-athlete commits to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1, it is permissible for the prospective student-athlete to participate in game-day simulations during a campus visit.
   A) True.
   B) False.

4 In-person on- or off-campus contact may occur during a dead period with a prospective student-athlete who has committed to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1.
   A) True.
   B) False.

5 Three days into preseason practice and before the start of the academic term, a student-athlete decides she has made a big mistake and wants to attend a different Division I institution. The student-athlete is considered to be a transfer.
   A) True.
   B) False.

6 An athletics department staff member may not endorse or promote a noninstitutional athletics event involving prospective student-athletes; however, the coach may serve as a consultant for such an event.
   A) True.
   B) False.

7 It is permissible to use express mail services to mail printed recruiting materials to a high school coach within the United States.
   A) True.
   B) False.

8 Necessary pre-enrollment information which may be sent to prospective student-athletes via express mail delivery services only after he or she has committed to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1 include:
   A) A National Letter of Intent.
   B) An institutional financial aid agreement.
   C) An institutional written offer of admission.
   D) Any of the above.

9 An institution may provide reduced camp or clinic admission privileges to a high school athletics award winner, provided he or she resides in the locale of the institution.
   A) True.
   B) False.
A prospective student-athlete graduates from high school in May 2019 and does not enroll in college in the fall of 2019. The prospective student-athlete is allowed five additional official visits (one visit per institution) beginning October 15, 2019.
A) True.
B) False.

It is permissible for a director of operations (or other noncoaching staff member with sport-specific responsibilities) to attend a local athletics event in his or her sport that involves prospective student-athletes and have recruiting conversations with the prospective student-athlete's family members who are attending the event.
A) True.
B) False.

During an OFFICIAL visit, an institution may entertain a prospective student-athlete by taking the prospective student-athlete to a social event that is located within a ___________.
A) 30-mile radius of the institution’s main campus.
B) 50-mile radius of the institution’s main campus.
C) 100-mile radius of the institution’s main campus.
D) Unlimited mile radius of the institution’s main campus.

Institutional financial aid based in any degree on athletics ability may NOT be reduced or canceled during the period of the award if the recipient ___________.
A) Renders himself or herself ineligible for intercollegiate competition.
B) Performs below athletic expectations.
C) Engages in serious misconduct warranting substantial disciplinary penalty by the institution’s disciplinary board.
D) Voluntarily withdraws from a sport at any time for personal reasons.

Permissible video/audio materials must be created by an entity within the institution.
A) True.
B) False.

A letter of intent may be provided to a prospective student-athlete by:
A) Express mail.
B) Courier service.
C) Email.
D) Fax.
E) Any of the above.

Before a prospective student-athlete commits to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1, an enrolled student-athlete may receive phone calls made at the expense of a prospective student-athlete at any time, provided there is no direct or indirect involvement by the institution's athletics department staff.
A) True.
B) False.
17 During an OFFICIAL visit, a member institution may provide reasonable entertainment to a prospective student-athlete and up to four family members accompanying the prospective student-athlete within how many miles of the institution's campus?
A) 30 miles.
B) 40 miles.
C) 50 miles.
D) 60 miles.

18 It is permissible for a coach to attend a prospective-student-athlete's off-campus press conference to announce his or her commitment or signing.
A) True.
B) False.

19 For purposes of Bylaw 13, an individual becomes a RECRUITED prospective student-athlete when a coach initiates a telephone call with the prospective student-athlete or the prospective student-athlete's parent or guardian on more than one occasion for the purpose of recruitment.
A) True.
B) False.

20 It is permissible for a coach to provide transportation for a prospective student-athlete to attend a home athletics contest at any local facility during an UNOFFICIAL visit.
A) True.
B) False.

21 The institution's coach makes the following statement to the media: I can confirm that we are recruiting the prospective student-athlete and that we anticipate him/her signing a National Letter of Intent with our institution. The coach's comments are permissible before the prospective student-athlete commits to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1
A) True.
B) False.

22 During an OFFICIAL visit, it is permissible for a booster to host an occasional meal at his/her home for the prospective student-athlete, student host and other student-athletes.
A) True.
B) False.

23 Coaches may engage in ALL countable athletically related activities (e.g. film review, skill instruction, weight training) with prospective student-athletes who have committed to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1.
A) True.
B) False.

24 It is permissible for an institution to arrange employment for a recruited prospective student-athlete within the athletics department ticket office, provided the employment does not begin prior to the completion of the prospective student-athlete's senior year of high school.
A) True.
B) False.
25 An athletics department staff member may do which of the following:
   A) Endorse a noninstitutional event involving prospective student-athletes.
   B) Endorse a prospective student-athlete’s team, coach or athletics facility.
   C) Serve as a consultant for a noninstitutional event involving prospective student-athletes.
   D) None of the above.

26 An institution is hosting a professional tryout event the same weekend several prospective student-athletes are making unofficial visits to campus. The prospective student-athletes are NOT permitted to attend the professional tryout event.
   A) True.
   B) False.

27 A prospective student-athlete purchased an airline ticket to arrive at an airport that is not the nearest major airport because it was less expensive. The institution may provide the prospective student-athlete transportation from the airport at which he/she arrived for his/her initial arrival to attend classes.
   A) True.
   B) False.

28 Before the prospective student-athlete commits to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1, a currently enrolled student-athlete may write the prospective student-athlete, provided the correspondence is not at the direction of the institution and the institution does not provide any of the expenses related to the written correspondence (e.g., stationary, postage).
   A) True.
   B) False.

29 A member institution MAY host, sponsor or conduct a group workout or combine (i.e., devoted to agility, flexibility, speed or strength tests) involving prospective student-athletes, provided the athletics department staff is not involved in conducting the activity, except for activities incidental to supervising the facilities.
   A) True.
   B) False.

30 When may a NONQUALIFIER who is enrolled at a two-year college make an OFFICIAL visit to an institution?
   A) After the completion of the first semester at the two-year college.
   B) After the completion of the first academic year at the two-year college.
   C) A nonqualifier enrolled at a two-year college may never make an official visit to an institution.
   D) At any time after enrolling in the two-year college.
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1. A) True.
   13.02.13.1

2. A) True.
   13.5.1; 13.6.2.4

   13.6.7.9; 13.7.4

4. A) True.
   13.02.5.5.2, 13.02.13.1

5. A) True.
   14.5.2-(f)

   11.3.2.7

7. B) False.
   13.4.1.5.1

8. D) Any of the above.
   13.4.1.9.4

   13.12.1.7.1

10. A) True.
    13.6.2.2.1

    13.1.2.1; 13.1.2.3-(a)

12. A) 30-mile radius of the institution’s main campus.
    13.6.7.1; 13.5.1

    15.3.4.2; 15.3.4.3; 15.3.5.1; 15.3.5.2

    13.4.1.9

15. E) Any of the above.
    13.1.5.9.1; 13.4.1.5.1

16. A) True.
    13.1.3.5.2

17. A) 30 miles.
    13.6.7.1

18. B) False.
    13.10.1

    13.02.14.1-(c); Proposal No. 2016-22

20. A) True.
    13.5.1; 13.5.3

    13.10.2.1

22. B) False.
    13.1.2.1; 13.6.7.7; 13.6.7.7.1; 13.6.7.1

23. B) False.
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    13.2.4.3
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25  D) None of the above.
    11.3.2.7; 11.3.2.8

26  A) True.
    13.7.3.7

27  B) False.
    13.5.4

28  A) True.
    13.02.13.1; 13.1.2.7

29  B) False.
    13.11.1.14, 13.11.3.2

30  B) After the completion of the first academic year at the two-year college.
    13.6.2.2.3