1. During the month of April, it is permissible for an institution's basketball coach to lecture at a noninstitutional, privately owned basketball camp that is operated under restrictions applicable to institutional camps.
   A) True.
   B) False.

2. The institution would like to hire a local high school women's basketball coach to work its summer camp. The institution is not recruiting any prospective student-athlete from the local high school coach's basketball team and none of the local high school coach's former players participate in women's basketball for the institution. It is permissible for the institution to hire the local high school coach.
   A) True.
   B) False.

3. A basketball two-year college prospective student-athlete would like to participate in an on-campus evaluation (OCE) during an upcoming official visit to the institution. The prospective student-athlete already participated in an OCE at the institution during the senior year in high school. Assuming the prospective student-athlete meets all other requirements of an OCE, this is permissible.
   A) True.
   B) False.

4. Before a prospective student-athlete commits to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1, it is permissible for an institution to communicate with a prospective student-athlete during a July evaluation period as long as the prospect has graduated from high school.
   A) True.
   B) False.

5. During an academic-year evaluation period, two coaches engaged in off-campus recruiting activities on the same day use ______ recruiting-person days.
   A) Zero.
   B) One.
   C) Two.
   D) Four.

6. An on-campus evaluation may not be conducted with a two-year college transfer prospective student-athlete until:
   A) The prospective student-athlete has spent an academic year in residence at the two-year college.
   B) The prospective student-athlete has completed 48 hours of transferrable degree credit.
   C) The prospective student-athlete has exhausted two-year college eligibility in basketball.
   D) All of the above.

7. A prospective student-athlete's nonscholastic basketball coach would be considered an individual associated with a prospective student-athlete (IAWP).
   A) True.
   B) False.

8. During the month of May, it is permissible for an institution's basketball coach to lecture at a noninstitutional, privately owned basketball camp that is operated under restrictions applicable to institutional camps.
   A) True.
   B) False.
9. It is permissible for an institution to hire a high school women’s basketball coach as a volunteer in a summer camp if the institution is recruiting one of the high school women’s basketball prospective student-athletes.
   A) True.
   B) False.

10. An institution may pay the air transportation for two parents (or legal guardians) to accompany a prospective student-athlete during an OFFICIAL visit.
    A) True.
    B) False.

11. A recruiting service that provides only video of prospective student-athletes and does not provide information about or analysis of prospective student-athletes is a permissible recruiting service.
    A) True.
    B) False.

12. An institution’s coach may evaluate prospective student-athletes during pick-up games that occur during a summer evaluation period.
    A) True.
    B) False.

13. Telephone calls during the July evaluation periods are permissible prior to a prospective student-athlete’s commitment to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1, provided no more than one telephone call per week is made.
    A) True.
    B) False.

14. An institution may conduct an on-campus evaluation with a prospective student-athlete who has graduated from high school and is enrolled in a preparatory school if:
    A) The evaluation takes place during an official or unofficial visit.
    B) The evaluation is conducted after the conclusion of the prospective student-athlete’s season.
    C) The prospective student-athlete has exhausted preparatory school eligibility in basketball.
    D) All of the above.

15. An institution may permit a prospective student-athlete in the sport of women’s basketball to make an UNOFFICIAL visit at any time, other than during a dead period or during the July evaluation periods if the prospective student-athlete has not committed to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1.
    A) True.
    B) False.

16. An institution’s basketball camp or clinic may be conducted only during the months of __________ or any calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) that includes days of those months.
    A) May, June and July.
    B) June, July and August.
    C) April, May, June and July.
    D) May, June, July and August.
17 A basketball coach may NOT be employed, volunteer or guest lecture at a noninstitutional basketball camp and in which prospective student-athletes participate, even if the camp or clinic is operated in accordance with the restrictions applicable to institutional camps or clinics.
   A) True.
   B) False.

18 An institution's coach may be involved in nonscholastic based basketball (e.g., local club team) if the team includes the coach's child and the team participants are of the opposite gender than the team the staff member is associated with at the institution.
   A) True.
   B) False.

19 An institution's basketball camp may ONLY be conducted during the months of June, July and August, or any calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) that includes days of those months.
   A) True.
   B) False.

20 Evaluations at nonscholastic events during the academic year evaluation period shall not occur during any weekend that the following test is administered?
   A) PSAT.
   B) SAT.
   C) ACT.
   D) Any of the above.

21 During June, July and August, a basketball coach or noncoaching staff member with sport specific responsibilities may be employed at a noninstitutional (i.e., privately owned) basketball camp or clinic in which prospective student-athletes participate, provided the camp or clinic is operated in accordance with restrictions applicable to institutional camps or clinics.
   A) True.
   B) False.

22 During a two-year period before a recruited prospective student-athlete's anticipated enrollment and a two-year period after the recruited prospective student-athlete's actual enrollment, an institution shall not employ (or enter into a contract for future employment with) an individual associated with the recruited prospective student-athlete in any athletics department noncoaching staff position.
   A) True.
   B) False.

23 A basketball coach may contact a two year college prospective student athlete after 4 p.m. even if their college holds night classes as long as the student-athlete does not have a class the rest of the day.
   A) True.
   B) False.

24 Outside of the July evaluation periods, institutions are limited to ______ recruiting opportunities per prospective student-athlete.
   A) 4
   B) 5
   C) 6
   D) 7
25 A prospective student-athlete purchased an airline ticket to arrive at an airport that is not the nearest major airport because it was less expensive. The institution may provide the prospective student-athlete transportation from the airport at which he/she arrived for his/her initial arrival to attend classes.
   A) True.
   B) False.

26 Who may transport a prospective student-athlete to and from the airport during an OFFICIAL visit?
   A) Any athletics department staff member.
   B) Representative of athletics interests.
   C) Both a and b.
   D) None of the above.

27 It is permissible for a coaching staff member to drive an automobile to bring a prospective student-athlete and his or her family members from any location to campus for an OFFICIAL visit.
   A) True.
   B) False.

28 An individual who has officially registered and enrolled in a minimum full-time program of studies in any quarter or semester at a collegiate institution and was present at the institution on the opening day of classes has triggered transfer status.
   A) True.
   B) False.

29 It is permissible for an institutional administrator to co-sign or provide a loan to a prospective student-athlete or the prospective student-athlete's relatives or friends.
   A) True.
   B) False.

30 Which of the following classifies an individual as a representative of athletics interests (i.e., booster)?
   A) Has participated in or has been a member of an agency or organization promoting the institution’s intercollegiate athletics program.
   B) Is known or should have been known by the institution to be assisting, or has been requested (by athletics department staff) to assist, in the recruitment of prospects.
   C) Is known or should have been known by the institution to be assisting or to have assisted in providing benefits to enrolled student-athletes or their families.
   D) All of the above.
1) B) False.  
13.12.2.3.3

2) A) True.  
13.02.19, 13.12.2.2.4

3) A) True.  
13.11.2.1

4) B) False.  
13.1.3.1.7;

5) C) Two.  
13.02.10

6) C) The prospective student-athlete has exhausted two-year college eligibility in basketball.  
13.11.2.1

7) A) True.  
13.02.19

8) B) False.  
13.12.2.3.3

9) B) False.  
13.02.19, 13.12.2.2.4

10) A) True.  
13.5.2.6.1

11) A) True.  
13.14.3.1.1

12) B) False.  
13.1.7.6.2

13) B) False.  
13.1.3.1.7

14) D) All of the above.  
13.11.2.1

15) A) True.  
13.02.5.5; 13.7.2.2

16) B) June, July and August.  
13.12.1.1.6

17) A) True.  
13.12.2.3.3

18) A) True.  
13.11.1.7

19) A) True.  
13.12.1.1.6

20) D) Any of the above.  
13.1.7.6.1.1; 13.17.3

21) B) False.  
13.12.2.3.3

22) A) True.  
11.4.3; 11.4.3.1; 13.8.3.4

23) A) True.  
13.1.6.1.1

24) D) 7  
13.1.7.6
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25 B) False. 13.5.4

26 A) Any athletics department staff member. 13.5.2.4

27 A) True. 13.5.2.2.2; 13.5.2.6

28 A) True. 14.5.2-(a)

29 B) False. 13.2.1; 13.2.1.1

30 D) All of the above. 13.02.15