1. It is permissible for an institution to provide hard tickets to an individual associated with a prospective student-athlete (IAWP).
   A) True.
   B) False.

2. For purposes of the tryout rule and regulations related to camps and clinics, a prospective student-athlete is an individual who has started classes for the seventh grade.
   A) True.
   B) False.

3. In-person, off-campus face-to-face contact by an institutional coaching staff member with a prospective student-athlete who has NOT committed to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1 is permissible only during a ___ period.
   A) Dead.
   B) Recruiting.
   C) Quiet.
   D) All of the above.

4. A basketball coach may NOT be employed, volunteer or guest lecture at a noninstitutional basketball camp and in which prospective student-athletes participate, even if the camp or clinic is operated in accordance with the restrictions applicable to institutional camps or clinics.
   A) True.
   B) False.

5. A prospective student-athlete who has signed a National Letter of Intent or written offer of admission or financial aid, or the institution has received the prospective student-athlete's financial deposit in response to its offer of admission, may make an UNOFFICIAL visit at any time, including during the month of July.
   A) True.
   B) False.

6. A basketball two-year college prospective student-athlete would like to participate in an on-campus evaluation (OCE) during an upcoming official visit to the institution. The prospective student-athlete already participated in an OCE at the institution during the senior year in high school. Assuming the prospective student-athlete meets all other requirements of an OCE, this is permissible.
   A) True.
   B) False.

7. A basketball coach may contact a two year college prospective student athlete after 4 p.m. even if their college holds night classes as long as the student-athlete does not have a class the rest of the day.
   A) True.
   B) False.
In men’s basketball, for purposes of applying the camp and clinic legislation, a prospective student-athlete is considered a RECRUITED prospective student-athlete when:

A) The prospective student-athlete’s attendance at any institutional camp or clinic has been solicited by the institution or a representative of the institution’s athletics interest.

B) The institution has provided any recruiting materials to the prospective student-athlete.

C) An institutional coaching staff member has had any recruiting contact [including in-person or electronic contact (e.g., telephone calls, video conference, electronic correspondence)] with the prospective student-athlete, including contact initiated by the prospective student-athlete.

D) The prospective student-athlete has received a verbal offer of athletically related financial aid from the institution.

E) The prospective student-athlete has verbally committed to attend the institution.

F) Any of the above.

During June, July and August, a basketball coach or noncoaching staff member with sport specific responsibilities may be employed at a noninstitutional (i.e., privately owned) basketball camp or clinic in which prospective student-athletes participate, provided the camp or clinic is operated in accordance with restrictions applicable to institutional camps or clinics.

A) True.

B) False.

An institution’s coach may be involved in nonscholastic based basketball (e.g., local club team) if the team includes the coach’s child and the team participants are of the opposite gender than the team the staff member is associated with at the institution.

A) True.

B) False.

It is permissible for an institution to offer a different registration procedure, fee structure, advertisements, lodging, meals and awards for its men’s basketball SELECT CAMP than it does for its other basketball camps.

A) True.

B) False.

An institution’s basketball camp or clinic may be conducted only during the months of ___________ or any calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) that includes days of those months.

A) May, June and July.

B) June, July and August.

C) April, May, June and July.

D) May, June, July and August.

During the summer evaluation periods, it is NOT permissible for coaches to evaluate at which of the following:

A) Certified events.

B) Institutional camps.

C) Noninstitutional nonorganized events (e.g., pick-up games).

D) It is permissible to evaluate at all of the above activities.

A prospective student-athlete’s nonscholastic basketball coach would be considered an individual associated with a prospective student-athlete (IAWP).

A) True.

B) False.
15 Two coaches engaged in off-campus recruiting activities on the same day use _____ recruiting-person days.
   A) Zero.
   B) One.
   C) Two.
   D) Four.

16 A recruiting service that provides only video of prospective student-athletes and does not provide information about or analysis of prospective student-athletes is a permissible recruiting service.
   A) True.
   B) False.

17 The institution is organizing its summer men's basketball camp and has called many prospective student-athletes to invite them to the camp. Given the institution made phone calls to prospective student-athletes, they are now considered recruited prospective student-athletes for purposes of the camp.
   A) True.
   B) False.

18 An institution may conduct an on-campus evaluation with a prospective student-athlete who has graduated from high school and is enrolled in a preparatory school if:
   A) The evaluation takes place during an official or unofficial visit.
   B) The evaluation is conducted after the conclusion of the prospective student-athlete's season.
   C) The prospective student-athlete has exhausted preparatory school eligibility in basketball.
   D) All of the above.

19 It is permissible for an institution to hire a high school men's basketball coach as a volunteer in a summer camp if the institution is recruiting one of the high school men's basketball prospective student-athletes.
   A) True.
   B) False.

20 The institution would like to hire a local high school men's basketball coach to work its summer camp. The institution is not recruiting any prospective student-athlete from the local high school coach's basketball team and none of the local high school coach's former players participate in men's basketball for the institution. It is permissible for the institution to hire the local high school coach.
   A) True.
   B) False.

21 During the month of April, it is permissible for an institution's basketball coach to lecture at a noninstitutional, privately owned basketball camp that is operated under restrictions applicable to institutional camps.
   A) True.
   B) False.

22 An on-campus evaluation may not be conducted with a two-year college transfer prospective student-athlete until:
   A) The prospective student-athlete has spent an academic year in residence at the two-year college.
   B) The prospective student-athlete has completed 48 hours of transferrable degree credit.
   C) The prospective student-athlete has exhausted two-year college eligibility in basketball.
   D) All of the above.
23 It is permissible for the head coach to donate money to a nonprofit foundation that uses the funds, in part, to operate a nonscholastic basketball team.
   A) True.
   B) False.

24 In men's basketball, before a prospective student-athlete commits to the institution per Bylaw 13.02.13.1, while evaluating a summer men's basketball certified event during a permissible evaluation period, an institution's basketball coach sends an email to a prospective student-athlete while the prospective student-athlete is traveling with his team to competition. During the tournament, the institution's coach meets with the prospective student-athlete's nonscholastic coach. After the prospective student-athlete has completed his last game and has been released by his coach, the coach calls the prospective student-athlete's parents at home to tell them how great the prospective student-athlete played. Which of the following are violations of NCAA rules?
   A) The note to the prospective student-athlete.
   B) Contact with the prospect student-athlete's nonscholastic coach.
   C) The phone call to the prospective student-athlete’s parents.
   D) All of the above

25 During the month of May, it is permissible for an institution's basketball coach to lecture at a noninstitutional, privately owned basketball camp that is operated under restrictions applicable to institutional camps.
   A) True.
   B) False.

26 An institution's basketball camp may ONLY be conducted during the months of June, July and August, or any calendar week (Sunday through Saturday) that includes days of those months.
   A) True.
   B) False.

27 An institution may pay the air transportation for two parents (or legal guardians) to accompany a prospective student-athlete during an OFFICIAL visit.
   A) True.
   B) False.

28 A representative of athletics interests (i.e., booster) may contact, correspond with and make telephone calls to a prospective student-athlete starting:
   A) After the prospective student-athlete signs a National Letter of Intent with the institution.
   B) After the prospective student-athlete signs the institution’s written offer of admission and/or financial aid.
   C) After the institution has received the prospective student-athlete’s financial deposit in response to its offer of admission.
   D) Any of the above.

29 An institution's coach may produce a computer recruiting presentation and show it to a prospective student-athlete at the prospective student-athlete's high school.
   A) True.
   B) False.
An institution's coach is attending an event in which prospective student-athletes from multiple institutions participate in drills. The institution's coach uses an evaluation for all participants engaging in the drills, even those prospective student-athletes the institution's coach does not observe.

A) True.
B) False.
22 C) The prospective student-athlete has exhausted two-year college eligibility in basketball.  
13.11.2.1

23 B) False.  
13.15.1.10

24 B) Contact with the prospect student-athlete’s nonscholastic coach.  
13.1.6.2; 13.1.6.2.1
25 B) False.  
   13.12.2.3.3

26 A) True.  
   13.12.1.1.6

27 A) True.  
   13.5.2.6.1

28 D) Any of the above.  
   13.1.2.4; 13.1.3.5.1; 13.02.15; 13.02.13.1

29 A) True.  
   13.4.1.9

30 B) False.  
   13.1.7.11, 13.1.7.8